Annona squamosa L., 1753
(Attier)

Identifiants : 2603/annsqu

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (https://lepotager-demesreves.fr)
Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze
Dernière modification le

- ***Classification phylogénétique :***
    - ***Clade : Angiospermes ;***
    - ***Clade : Magnoliidées ;***
    - ***Ordre : Magnoliales ;***
    - ***Famille : Annonaceae ;***
- ***Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :***
    - ***Règne : Plantae ;***
    - ***Sous-règne : Tracheobionta ;***
    - ***Division : Magnoliophyta ;***
    - ***Classe : Magnoliopsida ;***
    - ***Ordre : Magnoliales ;***
    - ***Famille : Annonaceae ;***
    - ***Genre : Annona ;***
    - ***Section : Attae ;***
- ***Synonymes : x (=) basionym, Annona asiatica L. 1753, Annona asiatica Vahl 1794, Annona cinerea Dunal 1817, Annona distincta Raeusch. 1797, Annona forskahlii DC. 1817, Annona forsskalii DC. 1817 ;***
- ***Synonymes français : atte, pomme cannelle, annone écailleuse (ou anone écailleuse), pommier canelle, cachiman cannelle, annone à fruits écailleux (ou anone à fruits écailleux), corossol écailleux, cachiman, annone, pomme douce, chérimole ;***
- ***Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : custard-apple, sugar-apple (sugar apple), weetsop, caneel apple, Indian custard apple, scaly custard apple, , fan li zhi (cn transcrit), kaneelappel (nl), Rahmapfel (de), Süßsack (de), Schuppenannone (de), Zimtapfel (de), Zuckerapfel (de), mela canella (it), pomo canella (it), ata (pt), fruta-do-conde (pt,br), fructa de conde (br), sirikaya (br), pinha (pt,br), anon (es,br), anona blanca (es), anona azucarada (es), atemoya (es), atte (es), chirimoyo (es), fruta de condesa (es), fruta del conde (es), sockerannona (sv), bottle tree (Antilles), sweet sop (Antilles), anoda (si), sharifa (in), sitaphal (in), anona blanca (mx), ate (mx), saranuya (mx), fan li chi (ph) ;***
- ***Rusticité (résistance face au froid/gel) : -2/-2,5°C (-1°C?), abimé dès 0°C ;***



- ***Note comestibilité : ******
- ***Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :***

  Fruit$^{2(+),27(+x)}$ (pulpe/chair$^{\{\{\{(dp*)}$ mûre crue$^{\{\{\{27(+x)}$ [nourriture/aliment$^{\{\{\{2(+)}$ et base boissons/breuvages$^{\{\{\{2(dp*)}$]) comestible.(1*)

  Détails :

  Plante cultivée dans les pays tropicaux$^{\{\{\{27(+x)}$.

  Le fruit est consommé cru. Il est également utilisé dans la crème glacée. Le jus est utilisé pour les boissons. ATTENTION: Les graines, les feuilles et les racines sont toxiques. Il a été démontré qu'un alcaloïde et de l'acide cyanhydrique sont présents dans ces parties de la plante

  Partie testée : fruit$^{\{\{\{0(+x)}$ (traduction automatique)

Original : Fruit [{{{0(+x)}]

Taux d'humidité	Énergie (kj)	Énergie (kcal)	Protéines (g)	Pro-vitamines A (µg)	Vitamines C (mg)	Fer (mg)	Zinc (mg)
76.4	441	106	2.09	1	40	0.6	0.1

Précautions :

(1*) Les graines, comme celles de toutes les espèces du genre Annona, sont toxiques et il faut prendre soin de les retirer de la pulpe avant qu'elle ne soit mécaniquement mélangée (mixée) [{{{67]***.***

- ***Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):***

Par Curtis, W., Botanical Magazine (1800-1948) Bot. Mag. vol. 58 (1831), via plantillustrations

- ***Petite histoire-géo :***
- ***Nombre de graines au gramme : 1,8 ;***
- ***Liens, sources et/ou références :***
  - [5]***"Plants For a Future" (en anglais) :*** https://pfaf.org/user/Plant.aspx?LatinName=Annona_squamosa ***;***

    dont classification :

  - ***"The Plant List" (en anglais) :*** www.theplantlist.org/tpl1.1/record/kew-2641034 ***;***
  - ***"GRIN" (en anglais) :*** [2]https://npgsweb.ars-grin.gov/gringlobal/taxon/taxonomydetail?id=3503 ***;***

    dont livres et bases de données : [27]***Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles (livre, page 28, par Louis Bubenicek) ;***

    dont biographie/références de [0]***"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :***

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