

Angiopteris evecta (G. Forst.) Hoffm.

Identifiants : 2480/angeve

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

Dernière modification le 27/04/2024

- **Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :**

- *Règne : Plantae* ;
- *Division : Pteridophyta* ;
- *Classe : Polypodiopsida* ;
- *Ordre : Marattiales* ;
- *Famille : Marattiaceae* ;
- *Genre : Angiopteris* ;

- **Synonymes : *Polypodium evectum* Forst.f, et d'autres ;**

- **Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : King fern, Giant fern, , Bom, Bukka, Chahmah, Daomalai gidiba, Elephant fern, Mbalambala, Mati Alu, Mule's foot fern, Nabay, Pakis gajah, Pakuh gajah, Turnip fern, Wan-kep-ret ;**



- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :**

Parties comestibles : jeunes frondes, feuilles, farine, légumes^{(((0+x) traduction automatique)} | Original : Young fronds, Leaves, Flour, Vegetable^{(((0+x))} Les jeunes têtes de violon ou les jeunes frondes non ouvertes sont consommées. La base des feuilles gonflées est mélangée à d'autres légumes. Flour peut être fabriqué à partir des tiges et des rhizomes



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ⁰"Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de ⁰"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Andrews, S.B., 1990, Ferns of Queensland. A handbook to the ferns and fern allies. Queensland DPI p 16 ; Bodkin, F., 1991, Encyclopedia Botanica. Cornstalk publishing, p 83 ; Burkhill, I.H., 1966, A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 1 (A-H) p 160 (Also as *Angiopteris amboinensis*) ; Chaffey, C.H., 1999, Australian Ferns. Growing them successfully. Kangaroo Press. p 11, 83 (Photos) ; Chin, W.Y., 1998, Ferns in the Tropics. Kangaroo. p 93 ; Commentat. Soc. Regiae Sci. Gott. 12:29, t. 5. 1796 ; Cundall, P., (ed.), 2004, Gardening Australia: flora: the gardener's bible. ABC

*Books. p 155 ; Franklin, J., Keppel, G., & Whistler, W., 2008, The vegetation and flora of Lakeba, Nayau and Aiwa Islands, Central Lau Group, Fiji. Micronesica 40(1/2): 169–225, 2008 ; Goudey, C.J., 1988, A Handbook of Ferns for Australia and New Zealand. Lothian. p 53 ; Greig, D., 1996, Flowering Natives for Home Gardens. Angus & Robertson. p 49 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), Sturtevant's edible plants of the world. p 55 ; Heyne, K., 1927 ed, Nutt. Plant Ned. Ind. p 96 (As *Angiopteris amboinensis*) ; Hossain, U. & Rahman, A., 2018, Study and quantitative analysis of wild vegetable floral diversity available in Barisal district, Bangladesh. Asian J. Med. Biol. Res. 2018, 4 (4), 362-371 ; Hibbert, M., 2002, The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium. p 28 ; Kar, A., 2004, Common wild vegetables of Aka tribe of Arunachal Pradesh. Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge 3(3) pp 305-313 ; Lamberton, K (Ed.), 2004, The Australian gardening encycloepia. Murdoch Books, NSW Australia. p 165 ; Lungphi, P., Wangpan, T. & Tangjang, S., 2018, Wild edible plants and their additional uses by the Tangsa community living in the Changlang district of Arunachal Pradesh, India. Pleione 12(2): 151 - 164. 2018. ; Marinelli, J. (Ed), 2004, Plant. DK. p 444 ; Manju, S., and Sundriyal, R. C., 2001, Wild Edible Plants of the Sikkim Himalaya: Nutritive Values of Selected Species. Economic Botany 55(3): 377-390 ; Medhi, P., Sarma, A and Borthakur, S. K., 2014, Wild edible plants from the Dima Hasao district of Assam, India. Pleione 8(1): 133-148 ; Nicholson, N & H., 2000, Australian Rainforest Plants, V. Terania Rainforest Publishing. NSW.p 9 ; Price, S.H. & J.L., Wild Food, Medicine and useful plants of the Wet tropics. Kwik Kopy, Cairns. p 5 ; Sarker, S. K., & Enayet Hossain, A. B. M., 2009, Pteridophytes of Greater Mymensingh District of Bangladesh used as Vegetables and Medicines. Bangladesh J. Plant Taxon. 16(1) 47-56. p 50 ; Srivastava, R. C., 2010, Traditional knowledge of Nyishi (Daffla) tribe of Arunachal Pradesh. Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge. 9(1):26-37 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, A tropical Garden Flora. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii. p 39 ; Sukarya, D. G., (Ed.) 2013, 3,500 Plant Species of the Botanic Gardens of Indonesia. LIPI p 855 ; Sundriyal, M., et al, 1998, Wild edibles and other useful plants from the Sikkim Himalaya, India. Oecologia Montana 7:43-54 ; Sundriyal, M., et al, 2004, Dietary Use of Wild Plant Resources in the Sikkim Himalaya, India. Economic Botany 58(4) pp 626-638 ; Williams, J.B., Harden, G.J., and McDonald, W.J.F., 1984, Trees and shrubs in rainforests of New South Wales and Southern Queensland. Univ. of New England, Armidale. p 17 (Drawing)*