

Lantana trifolia L.

Identifiants : 17941/lantri

Association du Potager de mes/nos Rêves (<https://lepotager-demesreves.fr>)

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze

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- Classification phylogénétique :

- Clade : Angiospermes ;
- Clade : Dicotylédones vraies ;
- Clade : Astéridées ;
- Clade : Lamiidées ;
- Ordre : Lamiales ;
- Famille : Verbenaceae ;

- Classification/taxinomie traditionnelle :

- Règne : Plantae ;
- Division : Magnoliophyta ;
- Classe : Magnoliopsida ;
- Ordre : Lamiales ;
- Famille : Verbenaceae ;
- Genre : Lantana ;

- Synonymes : *Lantana cubensis* Moldenke, ?*Lantana maxima* Hayek, *Lantana mearnsii* Moldenke, *Lantana petitiana* A. Rich, ?*Lantana salviifolia* auctt. sensu Williamson, et quelques autres ;

- Nom(s) anglais, local(aux) et/ou international(aux) : Tick berry, , Abegwino, Ayamanchana, Bunga pagar puteh, Bunita burayo, Camaraiuba, Chola winyo, Cidreira (falsa), Hierba mora, Huayito morada, Luhongole, Magwagwa, Mhugambu, Mhuuga, Mpugambu, Mukenia, Muvisavisi, Mvepe, Nakasonde, Nkenia Petatillo, Punita burayou, Punita purkaya, Tunchi albaca, Uvinha-do-campo, Uvita, Yerejna kollo ;



- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :

Parties comestibles : fruits, feuilles - arôme^{{{0(+x)}} (traduction automatique)} | Original : Fruit, Leaves - flavouring^{{{0(+x)}}} Les fruits sont consommés comme aliment de famine. Ils sont également utilisés pour le vin. Les feuilles sont utilisées pour aromatiser le lait et le beurre



néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

dont classification :

dont livres et bases de données : ⁰"Food Plants International" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de ⁰"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Abbiw, D.K., 1990, *Useful Plants of Ghana. West African uses of wild and cultivated plants. Intermediate Technology Publications and the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.* p 47 ; Addis, G., Asfaw, Z & Woldu, Z., 2013, *Ethnobotany of Wild and Semi-wild Edible Plants of Konso Ethnic Community, South Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research and Applications.* 11:121-141 ; Addis, G., et al, 2013, *The Role of Wild and Semi-wild Edible Plants in Household Food Sovereignty in Hamar and Konso Communities, South Ethiopia. Ethnobotany Research & Applications.* 11:251-271 ; Asfaw, Z. and Tadesse, M., 2001, *Prospects for Sustainable Use and Development of Wild Food Plants in Ethiopia. Economic Botany, Vol. 55, No. 1, pp. 47-62* ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica. Cornstalk publishing,* p 617 ; Bortolotto, I. M., et al, 2018, *Lista preliminar das plantas alimenticias nativas de Mato Grosso do Sul, Brasil. Iheringia, Serie Botanica, Porto Alegre, 73 (supl.):101-116* ; Burkill, H. M., 1985, *The useful plants of west tropical Africa, Vol. 5. Kew.* ; Dharani, N., 2002, *Field Guide to common Trees & Shrubs of East Africa. Struik.* p 245 ; Fowler, D. G., 2007, *Zambian Plants: Their Vernacular Names and Uses. Kew.* p 63 ; Fox, F. W. & Young, M. E. N., 1982, *Food from the Veld. Delta Books.* p 362 ; Glover et al, 1966b, ; Goode, P., 1989, *Edible Plants of Uganda. FAO* p 40 ; Grivetti, L. E., 1980, *Agricultural development: present and potential role of edible wild plants. Part 2: Sub-Saharan Africa, Report to the Department of State Agency for International Development.* p 43, 45 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world.* p 370 ; Jardin, C., 1970, *List of Foods Used In Africa, FAO Nutrition Information Document Series No 2.* p 145 ; Johns, T., and Kokwaro, J.O., 1991, *Food Plants of the Luo of Siaya District, Kenya. Economic Botany* 45(1), pp 103-113 ; Lentz, D. L., 1986, *Ethnobotany of the Jicaque of Honduras. Economic Botany* 40(2):210-219 ; Lentz, D. L., 1993, *Medicinal and Other Economic Plants of the Paya of Honduras. Economic Botany, Vol. 47, No. 4, pp. 358-370* ; Long, C., 2005, *Swaziland's Flora - siSwati names and Uses* <http://www.sntc.org.sz/flora/> ; Maundu, P. et al, 1999, *Traditional Food Plants of Kenya. National Museum of Kenya.* 288p ; Musinguzi, E., et al, 2006, *Utilization of Indigenous Food Plants in Uganda: A Case Study of South-Western Uganda. AJFAND Vol. 6(2):* ; Ocho, D. L., et al, 2012, *Assessing the levels of food shortage using the traffic light metaphor by analyzing the gathering and consumption of wild food plants, crop parts and crop residues in Konso, Ethiopia. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine* 8:30 ; Oryema, C., et al, 2013, *Edible wild fruit species of Gulu District, Uganda. International Journal of Biology and Biological Sciences Vol 2(4)* pp 068-082 ; Peters, C. R., O'Brien, E. M., and Drummond, R.B., 1992, *Edible Wild plants of Sub-saharan Africa. Kew.* p 197 ; *Plants of Haiti Smithsonian Institute* [http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West Indies](http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West%20Indies) ; Reis, S. V. and Lipp, F. L., 1982, *New Plant Sources for Drugs and Foods from the New York Botanical Garden herbarium. Harvard.* p 251 (As *Lantana trifolia* var. *rigidiuscula*) ; Ruffo, C. K., Birnie, A. & Tengnas, B., 2002, *Edible Wild Plants of Tanzania. RELMA* p 428 ; Seidemann J., 2005, *World Spice Plants. Economic Usage, Botany, Taxonomy. Springer.* p 197 ; Shumsky, S., et al, 2014, *Institutional factors affecting wild edible plant (WEP) harvest and consumption in semi-arid Kenya. Land Use Policy* 38(2014) 48-69 ; Smith, N., et al, 2007, *Amazon River Fruits. Flavors for Conservation. Missouri Botanical Gardens Press.* p 250 ; Sp. pl. 2:626. 1753 ; Vasquez, R. and Gentry, A. H., 1989, *Use and Misuse of Forest-harvested Fruits in the Iquitos Area. Conservation Biology* 3(4): 350f ; von Katja Rembold, 2011, *Conservation status of the vascular plants in East African rain forests. Dissertation Universitat Koblenz-Landau* p 171 ; White, F., Dowsett-Lemaire, F. and Chapman, J. D., 2001, *Evergreen Forest Flora of Malawi. Kew.* p 587 ; Williamson, J., 2005, *Useful Plants of Malawi. 3rd. Edition. Mdadzi Book Trust.* p 153 ; www.colecionandofrutas.org