

Spondias pinnata (L. f.) Kurz, 1875

Identifiants : 3226/spopin

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))

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- **Classification/taxinomie :**

- Famille : Anacardiaceae ;

- **Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) :** Malayan mombin ;

- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :** Partie(s) comestible(s) $\mu_{0(+x)}$ μ : fruit, feuilles, fleurs $\mu_{0(+x)}$ μ .

Utilisation(s)/usage(s) $\mu_{0(+x)}$ μ culinaires :

-la partie charnue du fruit est consommée crue ; elle est aigre-douce ; ils sont également picklés ; les fruits sont utilisés dans les chutneys, les ragoûts, marinades, et des confitures ; les fruits sont consommés comme légume quand ils sont verts ;

-les graines sont également consommées ;

-les jeunes feuilles sont cuites et consommées $\mu_{0(+x)}$ μ (ex. : comme potherbe $\mu_{(dp^*)}$ μ) ; elles sont utilisées pour l'aromatisation ;

-les fleurs sont aigres et consommées crues ou utilisées dans les currys ou comme aromatisant $\mu_{0(+x)}$ μ .



Précautions à prendre :

néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche. en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "Spondias pinnata" : [pages](#), [images](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Altschul, S.V.R., 1973, *Drugs and Foods from Little-known Plants. Notes in Harvard University Herbaria. Harvard Univ. Press. Massachusetts. no. 2495* ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India. CSIR India. p 595* ; Anderson, E. F., 1993, *Plants and people of the Golden Triangle. Dioscorides Press. p 222* ; Brown, W.H., 1920, *Wild Food Plants of the Philippines. Bureau of Forestry Bulletin No. 21 Manila. p 100* ; Burkill, I.H., 1966, *A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 2 (I-Z) p 2104* ; Coronel, R.E., 1982, *Fruit Collections in the Philippines. IBPGR Newsletter p 8* ; Cruz-García, G. S., & Price, L. L., 2011, *Ethnobotanical investigation of 'wild' food plants used by rice farmers in Kalasin, Northeast Thailand. Journal of Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine 7:33* ; Ding Hou, 1978, *Anacardiaceae, in Flora Malesiana Ser 1 Vol 8(3) p 479-486. p 483* ; Dutta, U., 2012, *Wild Vegetables collected by the local communities from the Churang reserve if BTDM Assam. International Journal of Science and Advanced Technology. Vol. 2(4) p 124* ; Facciola, S., 1998, *Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants. Kampong Publications, p 11 (As Spondias mangifera)* ; Forest Inventory and Planning Institute, 1996, *Vietnam Forest Trees. Agriculture Publishing House p 41* ; Fu, Yongneng, et al, 2003, *Relocating Plants from Swidden Fallows to Gardens in Southwestern China. Economic Botany, 57(3): 389-402* ; Gardner, S., et al, 2000, *A Field Guide to Forest Trees of Northern Thailand, Kobfai Publishing Project. p 151* ; Ghimeray, A. K., Lamsal, K., et al, 2010, *Wild edible angiospermic plants of the Illam Hills (Eastern Nepal) and their mode of use by local community. Korean J. Pl. Taxon. 40(1) (As Spondias mangifera)* ; Ghorbani, A., et al, 2012, *A comparison of the wild food plant use knowledge of ethnic minorities in Naban River Watershed Nature Reserve, Yunnan, SW China. Journal of*

Ethnobiology and Ethnomedicine; 8:17 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 631 (As *Spondias mangifera*) ; Hibbert, M., 2002, *The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium*. p 293 ; Hu, Shiu-ying, 2005, *Food Plants of China. The Chinese University Press*. p 519 ; Jacquat, C., 1990, *Plants from the Markets of Thailand*. D.K. Book House p 82 ; Jin, Chen et al, 1999, *Ethnobotanical studies on Wild Edible Fruits in Southern Yunnan: Folk Names: Nutritional Value and Uses. Economic Botany* 53(1) pp 2-14 ; John, L., & Stevenson, V., 1979, *The Complete Book of Fruit*. Angus & Robertson p 154 ; Khumgratok, S., *Edible Plants in Cultural Forests of Northeastern Thailand*. Mahasarakham University Thailand. ; Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, *The Cambridge World History of Food*. CUP p 1785 ; Krishen P., 2006, *Trees of Delhi, A Field Guide*. DK Books. p 254 ; Kumar, Y J. et al, 1987, *Further Contribution to the Ethnobotany of Meghalaya: Plants used by "War jaintia" of Jaintia Hill District*. *Econ. Tax. Bot.* Vol 11 No. 1 pp 65- ; Lalfakzuala, R., 2007, *Ethnobotanical usages of plants in western Mizoram*. *Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge*. Vol 6(3) pp 480-493 ; Lorenzi, H., Bacher, L., Lacerda, M. & Sartori, S., 2006, *Brazilian Fruits & Cultivated Exotics*. Sao Paulo, Instituto Plantarum de Estudos da Flora Ltda. p 356 ; Macmillan, H.F. (Revised Barlow, H.S., et al) 1991, *Tropical Planting and Gardening*. Sixth edition. Malayan Nature Society. Kuala Lumpur. p 308 ; Manandhar, N.P., 2002, *Plants and People of Nepal*. Timber Press. Portland, Oregon. p 439 ; Martin, F.W. & Ruberte, R.M., 1979, *Edible Leaves of the Tropics*. Antillian College Press, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico. p 175 ; Martin, F. W., et al, 1987, *Perennial Edible Fruits of the Tropics*. USDA Handbook 642 p 15 ; Monsalud, M.R., Tongacan, A.L., Lopez, F.R., & Lagrimas, M.Q., 1966, *Edible Wild Plants in Philippine Forests*. *Philippine Journal of Science*. p 440 ; Morton, J. F., 1987, *Fruits of Warm Climates*. Wipf & Stock Publishers p 242 ; Patiri, B. & Borah, A., 2007, *Wild Edible Plants of Assam*. Geethaki Publishers. p 35 ; Pfoze, N. L., et al, 2012, *Assessment of Local Dependency on Selected Wild Edible Plants and fruits from Senapati district, Manipur, Northeast India*. *Ethnobotany Research & Applications* 10:357-367 ; PROSEA handbook Volume 13 Spices. p 264 ; Rashid, H. E., 1977, *Geography of Bangladesh*. Westview. p 347 (As *Spondias mangifera*) ; Recher, P, 2001, *Fruit Spirit Botanical Gardens Plant Index*. www.nrg.com.au/~recher/seedlist.html p 3 (As *Spondias mangiferum*) ; Sarma, H., et al, 2010, *Updated Estimates of Wild Edible and Threatened Plants of Assam: A Meta-analysis*. *International Journal of Botany* 6(4): 414-423 ; Sawian, J. T., et al, 2007, *Wild edible plants of Meghalaya, North-east India*. *Natural Product Radiance* Vol. 6(5): p 422 (As *Spondias mangifera*) ; SHORTT (As *Spondias mangifera*) ; Singh, H.B., Arora R.K., 1978, *Wild edible Plants of India*. Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi. p 72 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, *A tropical Garden Flora*. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii. p 107 ; Swaminathan, M.S., and Kochnar, S.L., 2007, *An Atlas of Major Flowering Trees in India*. Macmillan. p 98 ; Terra, G.J.A., 1973, *Tropical Vegetables*. Communication 54e Royal Tropical Institute, Amsterdam, p 76 ; Thitiprasert, W., et al, 2007, *Country report on the State of Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture in Thailand (1997-2004)*. FAO p 95 ; Uprety, Y., et al, 2012, *Diversity of use and local knowledge of wild edible plant resources in Nepal*. *Journal of Ethnobotany and Ethnomedicine* 8:16 ; Walter, A. & Sam C., 2002, *Fruits of Oceania*. ACIAR Monograph No. 85. Canberra. p 245 ; WATT (As *Spondias mangifera*) ; Xu, You-Kai, et al, 2004, *Wild Vegetable Resources and Market Survey in Xishuangbanna, Southwest China*. *Economic Botany*. 58(4): 647-667.