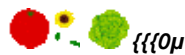


Murraya paniculata (L.) Jack, 1820 (Buis de chine)

Identifiants : 4799/murpan

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
Dernière modification le 01/10/2020

- Classification/taxinomie :
 - Famille : Rutaceae ;
- Synonymes : *Murraya exotica* L. (synonyme selon TPL) ;
- Synonymes français : oranger jasmin, bois jasmin, mock orangee ;
- Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) : orange jessamine, satinwood tree ;
- Rusticité (résistance face au froid/gel) : -1/-2/-4? ;



- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) : Partie(s) comestible(s) $\mu\{\{0(+x)\mu\}$: fruits, fleurs, feuilles, épices $\mu\{\{0(+x)\mu\}$. Utilisation(s)/usage(s) comestible(s) : inconnus ou indéterminés $\mu\{\{(rp^*)\mu\}$.



Précautions à prendre :

néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche, en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "*Murraya paniculata*" : [pages](#), [images](#) / "Buis de chine" : [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India*. CSIR India. p 384 ; Barwick, M., 2004, *Tropical and Subtropical Trees. A Worldwide Encyclopedic Guide*. Thames and Hudson p 287 ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica*. Cornstalk publishing, p 710 ; Borrell, O.W., 1989, *An Annotated Checklist of the Flora of Kairiru Island, New Guinea*. Marcellin College, Victoria Australia. p 132 ; Bremness, L., 1994, *Herbs*. Collins Eyewitness Handbooks. Harper Collins. p 115 ; Burkill, I.H., 1966, *A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula*. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 2 (I-Z) p 1532 ; Cooper, W. and Cooper, W., 2004, *Fruits of the Australian Tropical Rainforest*. Nokomis Editions, Victoria, Australia. p 471 ; Coronel, R.E., 1982, *Fruit Collections in the Philippines*. IBPGR Newsletter p 10 ; Cundall, P., (ed.), 2004, *Gardening Australia: flora: the gardener's bible*. ABC Books. p 905 ; Engel, D.H., & Phummai, S., 2000, *A Field Guide to Tropical Plants of Asia*. Timber Press. p 150 ; Etherington, K., & Imwold, D., (Eds), 2001, *Botanica's Trees & Shrubs. The illustrated A-Z of over 8500 trees and shrubs*. Random House, Australia. p 484 ; Facciola, S., 1998, *Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants*. Kampong Publications, p 221 ; *Flora of Pakistan*. www.eFloras.org ; Gardner, S., et al, 2000, *A Field Guide to Forest Trees of Northern Thailand*, Kobfai Publishing Project. p 101 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 423 (As *Murraya exotica*) ; Hibbert, M., 2002, *The Aussie Plant Finder 2002*, Florilegium. p 199 ; Jackes, B.R., 2001, *Plants of the Tropics*. Rainforest to Heath.

An Identification Guide. James Cook University. p 79 ; Lamont, S.R., et al, 1999, *Species composition, and use of Homegardens among three Amazonian Villages*. *Economic Botany* 53(3) pp 312-326 ; Llamas, K.A., 2003, *Tropical Flowering Plants*. Timber Press. p 340 ; *Malayan Misc.* 1:31. 1820 ; Martin, F. W., et al, 1987, *Perennial Edible Fruits of the Tropics*. USDA Handbook 642 p 75 ; McMakin, P.D., 2000, *Flowering Plants of Thailand. A Field Guide*. White Lotus. p 35 ; Monsalud, M.R., Tongacan, A.L., Lopez, F.R., & Lagrimas, M.Q., 1966, *Edible Wild Plants in Philippine Forests*. *Philippine Journal of Science*. p 539 ; Paczkowska, G . & Chapman, A.R., 2000, *The Western Australian Flora. A Descriptive Catalogue*. Western Australian Herbarium. p 523 ; Peekel, P.G., 1984, (Translation E.E.Henty), *Flora of the Bismarck Archipelago for Naturalists, Division of Botany, Lae, PNG*. p 270, 271 ; Phon, P., 2000, *Plants used in Cambodia*. © Pauline Dy Phon, Phnom Penh, Cambodia. p 449 ; *Plants of Haiti* Smithsonian Institute [http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West Indies](http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West%20Indies) ; Purseglove, J.W., 1968, *Tropical Crops Dicotyledons*, Longmans. p 494 ; Smith, A.C., 1985, *Flora Vitiensis Nova, Lawaii, Kuai, Hawaii, Volume 3* p 513 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, *A tropical Garden Flora*. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii. p 508 (Drawing) ; Swaminathan, M.S., and Kochnar, S.L., 2007, *An Atlas of Major Flowering Trees in India*. Macmillan. p 66 ; Townsend, K., 1994, *Across the Top. Gardening with Australian Plants in the tropics*. Society for Growing Australian Plants, Townsville Branch Inc. p 301 ; Valder, P., 1999, *The Garden Plants of China*. *Florilegium*. p 308 ; Wheeler, J.R.(ed.), 1992, *Flora of the Kimberley Region*. CALM, Western Australian Herbarium, p 673 ; Wijayakusuma, H.M.H., et al, 1996, *Tanaman Berkhasiat Obat Di Indonesia*. Pustaka Kartini. p 86