

Crescentia cujete L., 1753 (Calebassier)

Identifiants : 1247/crecuj

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
Dernière modification le 20/09/2020

- **Classification/taxinomie :**
 - **Famille :** Bignoniaceae ;
- **Synonymes français :** arbre à calebasses ;
- **Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) :** calabash, calabash-tree ;



- **Note :** ***
- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :** Fruit (jeunes fruits $\mu(0+x)$, $\{\{27(+x)\mu\}$ [nourriture/aliment et/ou assaisonnement $\mu\{\{(dp^*)\mu\}$ {confits au vinaigre, comme pickles $\mu\{\{27(+x)\mu\}$] ; et graines $\mu(0+x)$, $27(+x)\mu$ cuites $\mu27(+x)\mu$) et feuille (feuilles $\mu(0+x)\mu$) comestible $\mu(0+x)\mu$. ;
Feuilles cuites (ex. : comme potherbe) ? (qp*). ;



Précautions à prendre :

néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

Curtis's Botanical Magazine (vol. 62 [ser. 2, vol. 9]: t. 3430, 1835) [Mrs. C. Horsfall]

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- ["GRIN" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche. en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "Crescentia cujete" : [pages](#), [images](#) | "Calebassier" : [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais), 27Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles (livre, page 105, par Louis Bubenicek) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Abbiw, D.K., 1990, *Useful Plants of Ghana. West African uses of wild and cultivated plants. Intermediate Technology Publications and the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.* p 49 ; Achigan-Dako, E, et al (Eds), 2009, *Catalogue of Traditional Vegetables in Benin. International Foundation for Science.* ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India. CSIR India.* p 145 ; Barwick, M., 2004, *Tropical and Subtropical Trees. A Worldwide Encyclopedic Guide. Thames and Hudson* p 136 ; Bernholt, H. et al, 2009, *Plant species richness and diversity in urban and peri-urban gardens of Niamey, Niger. Agroforestry Systems 77:159-179* ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica. Cornstalk publishing,* p 297 ; Burkill, I.H., 1966, *A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.* Vol 1 (A-H) p 689 ; Condit, R., et al, 2011, *Trees of Panama and Costa Rica. PrincetonField Guides.* p 88 ; Cundall, P., (ed.), 2004, *Gardening Australia: flora: the gardener's bible. ABC Books.* p 433 ; Engel, D.H., & Phummai, S., 2000, *A Field Guide to Tropical Plants of Asia. Timber Press.* p 99 ; Etherington, K., & Imwold, D., (Eds), 2001, *Botanica's Trees & Shrubs. The illustrated A-Z of over 8500 trees and shrubs. Random House, Australia.* p 241 ; Facciola, S., 1998, *Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants. Kampong Publications,* p 49 ; Gentry, A. H., 1980, *Bignoniaceae: Part I (Crescentieae and Tourrettieae): Flora Neotropica, Vol. 25, No. 1, Bignoniaceae: Part I (Crescentieae and Tourrettieae),* pp. 1-130 ; Gouldstone, S., 1983, *Growing your own Food-bearing Plants in Australia. Macmillan* p 82 ; Hearne, D.A., & Rance, S.J., 1975, *Trees for Darwin and Northern Australia. AGPS, Canberra* p 49, Pl 10 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world.* p 226 ; Hernandez Bermejo, J.E., and Leon, J. (Eds.), 1994, *Neglected Crops. 1492 from a different perspective. FAO Plant Production and Protection Series No 26. FAO, Rome.* p 198 ; Hibbert, M., 2002, *The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium.* p 76 ; Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, *The Cambridge World History of Food. CUP* p 1742, 1883 ; Llamas, K.A., 2003, *Tropical Flowering Plants. Timber Press.* p 136 ; Martin, F. W., et al, 1987, *Perennial Edible Fruits of the Tropics. USDA Handbook 642* p 83 ; Massal, E. and Barrau, J., 1973, *Food Plants of the South Sea Islands. SPC Technical Paper No 94. Noumea, New Caledonia.* p 43 ; McMakin, P.D., 2000, *Flowering Plants of Thailand. A Field Guide. White Lotus.* p 10 ; Menninger, E.A., 1977, *Edible Nuts of the World. Horticultural Books. Florida* p 78 ; *Plants of Haiti Smithsonian Institute* <http://botany.si.edu> ; Pursglove, J.W., 1968, *Tropical Crops Dicotyledons, Longmans.* p 629 ; *Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew (1999). Survey of Economic Plants for Arid and Semi-Arid Lands (SEPASAL) database. Published on the Internet; http://www.rbgekew.org.uk/ceb/sepasal/internet [Accessed 4th April 2011]* ; Smith, N., Mori, S.A., et al, 2004, *Flowering Plants of the Neotropics. Princeton.* p 53 ; Smith, P.M., 1979, *Calabash, in Simmonds, N.W., (ed), Crop Plant Evolution. Longmans. London.* p 303 ; Sp. pl. 2:626. 1753 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, *A tropical Garden Flora. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii.* p 173 ; Swaminathan, M.S., and Kochnar, S.L., 2007, *An Atlas of Major Flowering Trees in India. Macmillan.* p 224 ; USDA, ARS, *National Genetic Resources Program. Germplasm Resources Information Network - (GRIN). [Online Database] National Germplasm Resources Laboratory, Beltsville, Maryland. Available: www.ars-grin.gov/cgi-bin/npgs/html/econ.pl (10 April 2000)* ; van Roosmalen, M.G.M., 1985, *Fruits of the Guianan Flora. Utrecht Univ. & Wageningen Univ.* p 44 ; Vickery, M.L. and Vickery, B., 1979, *Plant Products of Tropical Africa, Macmillan.* p 100 ; Wickens, G.E., 1995, *Edible Nuts. FAO Non-wood forest products. FAO, Rome.* p 109 ; Zaldivar, M. E., et al, 2002, *Species Diversity of Edible Plants Grown in Homegardens of Chibehan Amerindians from Costa Rica. Human Ecology, Vol. 30, No. 3, pp. 301-316*