

Colocasia esculenta (L.) Schott, 1832 (Taro)

Identifiants : 1156/colesc

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
Dernière modification le 21/09/2020

- Classification/taxinomie :
 - Famille : Araceae ;
- Synonymes : *Arum esculentum* L. 1753 (=) basionym, *Colocasia antiquorum* Schott 1832 ;
- Synonymes français : gouet comestible, chou-chine (chou de Chine), coboué, madère, chou caraïbe, eddo, cocoyam ;
- Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) : taro, cocoyam, dasheen, eddo, elephant's-ear , kouchou (in), kulcas (eg), alcolcalz (midi de l'Espagne), tallus (jv), tallo (Océanie), taro (Océanie), sato imo (local), Zehrwurzel (de), arum (in), toran (ko transcrit), daun keladi (ms), inhame (pt,br), inhame-branco (pt,br), inhame-da-África (pt,br), inhame-da-costa (pt,br), taioba-de-São-Tomé (pt,br), madumbe (za,zu), alcocaz (es), colocasia (es), malanga (es), tayoba (es), taro (sv) ;



- Note : ***
- Note perso : ***/****
- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) : Feuille (feuilles $\mu 0(+x)$,27(+x) μ et tiges $\mu 0(+x)$ μ cuites $\mu(dp^*)$ μ {bouillies $\mu 27(+x)$ μ } [nourriture/aliment $\mu\{\{\{(dp^*)\mu\}$: légume $\mu 0(+x)$ μ {ex. : comme pothebe, brède $\mu\{\{\{(dp^*)\mu\}$]} et racine $\mu 0(+x)$ μ (tubercules $\mu 27(+x)$ μ {cormes $\mu 0(+x)$ μ cuits $\mu(dp^*)$ μ {bouillis $\mu 27(+x)$ μ } [nourriture/aliment $\mu\{\{\{(dp^*)\mu\}$: légume $\mu 0(+x)$ μ]} comestibles $\mu 0(+x)$ μ .(1*) ;

Plante très cultivée sous les tropiques $\mu\{\{27(+x)\mu\}$;



Précautions à prendre :

(1*)ATTENTION : toutes les parties de la plante crue, et en particulier la peau des tubercules, contiennent des cristaux d'oxalate de calcium particulièrement irritants ; ces composés sont détruits à la cuisson $\mu<27(+x)\mu$. Plus d'infos, voir fiche toxine $\mu<(dp^*)\mu$.

- Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):

Par Bessler, Basilius, Hortus Eystettensis, vol. 3: Tertius ordo collectarum plantarum autumnalium, t. 348, fig. I (1613), via [plantillustrations.org](#)

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- ["GRIN" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche, en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "*Colocasia esculenta*" : [pages](#), [images](#) | "*Taro*" : [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"*FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL*" (en anglais), 27*Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles* (livre, pages 94 et 95, par Louis Bubenicek), 76*Le Potager d'un curieux - histoire, culture et usages de 250 plantes comestibles peu connues ou inconnues* (livre, pages 363 et 364 [*Colocasia Antiquorum* et *Colocasia esculenta*], par A. Paillieux et D. Bois) ;

dont biographie/références de "*FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL*" :

Taro references. ; Abbiw, D.K., 1990, *Useful Plants of Ghana. West African uses of wild and cultivated plants. Intermediate Technology Publications and the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.* p 29 ; Achigan-Dako, E, et al (Eds), 2009, *Catalogue of Traditional Vegetables in Benin. International Foundation for Science.* ; Addis, G., et al, 2005, *Ethnobotanical Study of Edible Wild Plants in Some Selected Districts of Ethiopia. Human Ecology, Vol. 33, No. 1,* pp. 83-118 ; Ali, A. M. S., 2005, *Homegardens in Smallholder Farming Systems: Examples from Bangladesh. Human Ecology, Vol. 33, No. 2* pp. 245-270 ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India. CSIR India.* p 137 ; Anderson, E. F., 1993, *Plants and people of the Golden Triangle. Dioscorides Press.* p 207 ; Bandyopadhyay, S. et al, 2009, *Wild edible plants of Koch Bihar district, West Bengal. Natural Products Radiance* 8(1) 64-72 ; Barrau, J., 1976, *Subsistence Agriculture in Polynesia and Micronesia. Bernice P. 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