

Citrus reticulata Blanco, 1837 (Clémentinier et mandarinier)

Identifiants : 1092/citret

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
Dernière modification le 19/09/2020

- **Classification/taxinomie :**

- Famille : Rutaceae ;

- **Synonymes français :** mandarinier, clémentine {fruit}, mandarine {fruit}, calamondin (essentiellement attribué à *Citrofortunella microcarpa*), satsuma (essentiellement attribué à *Citrus unshiu*) ;

- **Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) :** mandarin, culate mandarin, mandarin orange, mandarine orange, Swatow orange, tangerine, gan ju (cn transcrit), Mandarinen (de), Mandarinenbaum (de), Tangerine (de), santara (in), mandarina (it), ponkan (jp romaji), mandarina (pt), bergamota (pt,br), tangerina (pt,br), mandarina (es), småcitrus (sv) ;

- **Rusticité (résistance face au froid/gel) :** -0,107142857 ;



- **Note :** *****

- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :** Fruit (fruitsμ0(+x),27(+x)μ) comestibleμ0(+x),27(+x)μ. ;

Plante très cultivée dans les zones chaudes du monde ; nombreux cultivarsμ{{27(+x)μ. Herbe, aromate, épiceμ{{0(+x)μ. ;



Précautions à prendre :

néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- **Catégories :** pch ;

- **Nombre de graines au gramme :** oct-15 ;

- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

Par BrokenSphere (Travail personnel), via Wikimedia Commons

- **Liens, sources et/ou références :**

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- ["GRIN" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche. en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "*Citrus reticulata*" : [pages](#), [images](#) / "*Clémentinier et mandarinier*" : [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais), 27Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles (livre, page 89 [*Citrus nobilis* Andrews], par Louis Bubenicek) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

AAK, 1994, *Jeruk*, Penerbit Kanisius, Yogyakarta. p 191 ; Abbiw, D.K., 1990, *Useful Plants of Ghana. West African uses of wild and cultivated plants. Intermediate Technology Publications and the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew*. p 42 ; Ambasta, S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India*. CSIR India. p 129 ; Anderson, E. F., 1993, *Plants and people of the Golden Triangle*. Dioscorides Press. p 206 ; Barwick, M., 2004, *Tropical and Subtropical Trees. A Worldwide Encyclopedic Guide*. Thames and Hudson p 118 ; Bekele-Tesemma A., Birnie, A., & Tengnas, B., 1993, *Useful Trees and Shrubs for Ethiopia*. Regional Soil Conservation Unit. Technical Handbook No 5. p 154 ; Bernholt, H. et al, 2009, *Plant species richness and diversity in urban and peri-urban gardens of Niamey, Niger*. *Agroforestry Systems* 77:159-179 ; Bianchini, F., Corbetta, F., and Pistoia, M., 1975, *Fruits of the Earth*. Cassell. p 184 ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica*. Cornstalk publishing, p 262 ; Bremness, L., 1994, *Herbs*. Collins Eyewitness Handbooks. Harper Collins. p 47 ; Brickell, C. (Ed.), 1999, *The Royal Horticultural Society A-Z Encyclopedia of Garden Plants*. Convent Garden Books. p 272 ; Brouk, B., 1975, *Plants Consumed by Man*. Academic Press, London. p 183 ; Brown, D., 2002, *The Royal Horticultural Society encyclopedia of Herbs and their uses*. DK Books. p 173 ; Cameron, J.W. & Soost, R.K., 1979, *Citrus*, in Simmonds, N.W., (ed), *Crop Plant Evolution*. Longmans. London. p 261 ; Cheifetz, A., (ed), 1999, *500 popular vegetables, herbs, fruits and nuts for Australian Gardeners*. Random House p 182 ; Clarke, W.C. & Thaman, R.R., 1993, *Agroforestry in the Pacific Islands: Systems for sustainability*. United Nations University Press. New York. p 231 ; Cogley, L.S. (rev. Steele, W.M.) 2nd Ed., 1976, *An Introduction to the Botany of Tropical Crops*. Longmans. p 167 ; Coronel, R.E., 1982, *Fruit Collections in the Philippines*. 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The Chinese University Press. p 496 ; http://palaeoworks.anu.edu.au/Nuno_PhD/04.pdf re Timor ; Jardin, C., 1970, *List of Foods Used In Africa*, FAO Nutrition Information Document Series No 2.p 129 ; John, L., & Stevenson, V., 1979, *The Complete Book of Fruit*. Angus & Robertson p 275 ; Katende, A.B., Birnie, A & Tengnas B., 1995, *Useful Trees and Shrubs for Uganda. Identification, Propagation and Management for Agricultural and Pastoral Communities*. Technical handbook No 10. Regional Soil Conservation Unit, Nairobi, Kenya. p 190 ; Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, *The Cambridge World History of Food*. CUP p 1808 ; Lazarides, M. & Hince, B., 1993, *Handbook of Economic Plants of Australia*, CSIRO. p 61 ; Lorenzi, H., Bacher, L., Lacerda, M. & Sartori, S., 2006, *Brazilian Fruits & Cultivated Exotics*. Sao Paulo, Instituto Plantarum de Estuados da Flora Ltda. p 553 ; Lyle, S., 2006, *Discovering fruit and nuts*. Land Links. p 144 ; Macmillan, H.F. 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Guyana University, Georgetown p 51 ; Phon, P., 2000, *Plants used in Cambodia*. © Pauline Dy Phon, Phnom Penh, Cambodia. p 160 ; *Plants for a Future database*, The Field, Penpol, Lostwithiel, Cornwall, PL22 0NG, UK. <http://www.scs.leeds.ac.uk/pfaf/> ; *Plants of Haiti* Smithsonian Institute [http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West Indies](http://botany.si.edu/antilles/West%20Indies) ; PROSEA handbook Volume 13 Spices. p 275 ; Pursglove, J.W., 1968, *Tropical Crops Dicotyledons*, Longmans. p 508 ; Solomon, C., 2001, *Encyclopedia of Asian Food*. New Holland. p 228 ; Staples, G.W. and Herbst, D.R., 2005, *A tropical Garden Flora*. Bishop Museum Press, Honolulu, Hawaii. p 506 ; Thaman, R.R., 1976, *The Tongan Agricultural System*, University of the South Pacific, Suva, Fiji. p 389 ; USDA, ARS, National Genetic Resources Program. Germplasm Resources Information Network - (GRIN). [Online Database] National Germplasm Resources Laboratory, Beltsville, Maryland. 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