

# Celosia trigyna L., 1771

Identifiants : 956/celtri

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))  
Dernière modification le 21/09/2020

- Classification/taxinomie :
  - Famille : Amaranthaceae ;
- Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) : silver spinach ;



- Note : \*\*\*
- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) : Feuille (feuilles $\mu(0(+x),27(+x))\mu$  [nourriture/aliment $\mu\{\{\{dp^*\}\}\mu$ , fleur $\mu(0(+x))\mu$  et fruit (graines $\mu(0(+x))\mu$ ) comestibles $\mu(0(+x))\mu$ . ;

Feuilles consommées en Afrique $\mu\{\{27(+x)\}\mu$  (cuites, ex. : comme potherbe ? (qp\*)). ;



Précautions à prendre :

néant, inconnus ou indéterminés.

- Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):

Par Jacquin N.J. von (*Hortus botanicus vindobonensis*, vol. 3: t. 215, 1776), via [plantillustrations.org](#)

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- ["GRIN" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche. en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "Celosia trigyna" : [pages](#), [images](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais), 27Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles (livre, page 76, par Louis Bubenicek) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Achigan-Dako, E, et al (Eds), 2009, *Catalogue of Traditional Vegetables in Benin*. International Foundation for Science. ; Burkill, H. M., 1985, *The useful plants of west tropical Africa*, Vol. 1. Kew. ; Denton, O.A., 2004. *Celosia trigyna* L. [Internet] Record from Protabase. Grubben, G.J.H. & Denton, O.A. (Editors). PROTA (Plant Resources of Tropical Africa / Ressources végétales de l'Afrique tropicale), Wageningen, Netherlands. < <http://database.prota.org/search.htm>>. Accessed 14 October 2009. ; Epenhuijsen C.W. van., 1974, *Growing Native*

vegetables in Nigeria. FAO Rome, p 51 ; Facciola, S., 1998, *Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants*. Kampong Publications, p 9 ; Fowler, D. G., 2007, *Zambian Plants: Their Vernacular Names and Uses*. Kew. p 7 ; Grivetti, L. E., 1980, *Agricultural development: present and potential role of edible wild plants. Part 2: Sub-Saharan Africa, Report to the Department of State Agency for International Development*. p 29 ; Grubben, G. J. H. and Denton, O. A. (eds), 2004, *Plant Resources of Tropical Africa 2. Vegetables*. PROTA, Wageningen, Netherlands. p 171 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 177 ; HELY-HUTCHINSON, ; Jardin, C., 1970, *List of Foods Used In Africa, FAO Nutrition Information Document Series No 2*.p 65 ; Long, C., 2005, *Swaziland's Flora - siSwati names and Uses* <http://www.sntc.org.sz/flora/> ; Lyimo, M., et al, 2003, *Identification and nutrient composition of indigenous vegetables of Tanzania. Plant Foods for Human Nutrition*. 58: 85-92 ; Malaisse, F., 1997, *Se nourrir en floret claire africaine. Approche ecologique et nutritionnelle*. CTA., p 59 ; Mant. pl. 2:212. 1771 ; Martin, F.W. & Ruberte, R.M., 1979, *Edible Leaves of the Tropics*. Antillian College Press, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico. p 173 ; Mertz, O., Lykke, A. M., and Reenberg, A., 2001, *Importance and Seasonality of Vegetable Consumption and Marketing in Burkina Faso. Economic Botany*, 55(2):276-289 ; Molla, A., *Ethiopian Plant Names*. <http://www.ethiopic.com/aplants.htm> ; Maroyi, A., 2011, *The Gathering and Consumption of Wild Edible Plants in Nhema Communal Area, Midlands Province, Zimbabwe. Ecology of Food and Nutrition* 50:6, 506-525 ; Msuya, T. S., et al, 2010, *Availability, Preference and Consumption of Indigenous Foods in the Eastern Arc Mountains, Tanzania, Ecology of Food and Nutrition*, 49:3, 208-227 ; Peters, C. R., O'Brien, E. M., and Drummond, R.B., 1992, *Edible Wild plants of Sub-saharan Africa*. Kew. p 47 ; Pickering, H., & Roe, E., 2009, *Wild Flowers of the Victoria Falls Area*. Helen Pickering, London. p 22 ; Plowes, N. J. & Taylor, F. W., 1997, *The Processing of Indigenous Fruits and other Wildfoods of Southern Africa*. in Smartt, L. & Haq. (Eds) *Domestication, Production and Utilization of New Crops*. ICUC p 187 ; Raponda-Walker, A & Sillans, R., 1961, *Les Plantes Utiles du Gabon*. Editions Paul Lechevalier, Paris. p 50 ; Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew (1999). *Survey of Economic Plants for Arid and Semi-Arid Lands (SEPASAL) database*. Published on the Internet; <http://www.rbgekew.org.uk/ceb/sepasal/internet> [Accessed 24th March 2011] ; *Swaziland's Flora Database* <http://www.sntc.org.sz/flora/> ; Termote, C., et al, 2011, *Eating from the wild: Turumbu, Mbole and Bali traditional knowledge of non-cultivated edible plants, District Tshopo, DR Congo, Gen Resourc Crop Evol*. 58:585-618 ; Thiselton-Dywer, W.T., (Ed.), 1913, *Flora of Tropical Africa*. Vol VI-section 1. Reeve, p 20 ; Tindall, H.D., 1983, *Vegetables in the tropics*. Macmillan p. 45 ; Vainio-Mattila, K., 2000, *Wild vegetables used by the Sambia in the Usumbara Mountains, NE Tanzania. Ann. Bot. Fennici* 37:57-67 ; Vernon, R., 1983, *Field Guide to Important Arable Weeds of Zambia*. Dept of Agriculture, Chilanga, Zambia. p 28 ; Williamson, J., 2005, *Useful Plants of Malawi*. 3rd. Edition. Mdadzi Book Trust. p 61 ; Zon, A.P.M. van der, Grubben, G.J.H., 1976, *Les legumes-feuilles spontanés et cultivés du Sud-Dahomey, Communication 65, Royal Tropical Institute, Amsterdam*, p 45