

Cassia fistula L., 1753 (Baton casse)

Identifiants : 939/casfis

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
Dernière modification le 26/09/2020

- **Classification/taxinomie :**

- **Famille :** Leguminosae ;

- **Synonymes français :** casse fistuleuse, cassier, faux séné, faux caroubier, douche d'or, averse dorée, casse, canéficier, canéfier ;
- **Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) :** cassia, golden shower ;
- **Rusticité (résistance face au froid/gel) :** zone 9.5/10 ;



- **Note :** ***

- **Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/consommabilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) :** Feuille $0(+x)\mu$, fleur $0(+x)\mu$, fruit $0(+x)\mu$ (pulpe des gousses $0(+x)\mu$, $27(+x)\mu$) comestibles $0(+x)\mu$. (1*) ;

Feuilles cuites (ex. : comme potherbe) ? (qp*). ;



Précautions à prendre :

(1*) La pulpe des gousses, bien que comestible, est également dite laxative $27(+x)\mu$.

- **Nombre de graines au gramme :** 7 ;
- **Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):**

De gauche à droite :

Par Koehler F.E. (*Medizinal Pflanzen*, vol. 4: t. 51, 1890), via plantillustrations.org

Par Descourtilz M.E. (*Flore médicale des Antilles*, vol. 2: t. 125, 1822) [J.T. Descourtilz], via plantillustrations.org

• Liens, sources et/ou références :

◦ Wikipedia :

- [https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cassia_fistula_\(en_français\)](https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cassia_fistula_(en_français)) ;
 - [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cassia_fistula_\(source_en_anglais\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cassia_fistula_(source_en_anglais)) ;
 - [https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/R%C3%B6hren-Kassie_\(source_en_anglais\)](https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/R%C3%B6hren-Kassie_(source_en_anglais)) ;
- *Jardin! L'Encyclopédie* : https://nature.jardin.free.fr/arbre/ft_cassia_fistula.html ;

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "Cassia fistula" : [pages](#), [images](#) / "Baton casse" : [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais), 27 *Dictionnaire des plantes comestibles* (livre, page 72 [Casearia pringlei Briq.], par Louis Bubenicek) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Ambasta S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India*. CSIR India. p 109 ; Bandyopadhyay, S. et al, 2009, *Wild edible plants of Koch Bihar district, West Bengal*. *Natural Products Radiance* 8(1) 64-72 ; Barwick, M., 2004, *Tropical and Subtropical Trees. A Worldwide Encyclopedic Guide*. Thames and Hudson p 92 ; Bodkin, F., 1991, *Encyclopedia Botanica*. Cornstalk publishing, p 221 ; Bole, P.V., & Yaghani, Y., 1985, *Field Guide to the Common Trees of India*. OUP p 57 ; Bremness, L., 1994, *Herbs. Collins Eyewitness Handbooks*. Harper Collins. p 42 ; Brickell, C. (Ed.), 1999, *The Royal Horticultural Society A-Z Encyclopedia of Garden Plants*. Convent Garden Books. p 234 ; Burkill, H. M., 1985, *The useful plants of west tropical Africa*, Vol. 3. Kew. ; Burkill, I.H., 1966, *A Dictionary of the Economic Products of the Malay Peninsula*. Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Vol 1 (A-H) p 481 ; Condit, R., et al, 2011, *Trees of Panama and Costa Rica*. *Princeton Field Guides*. p 170 ; Cowie, I., 2006, *A Survey of Flora and vegetation of the proposed Jaco-Tutuala-Lore National Park. Timor-Lests (East Timor)* www.territorystories.nt.gov.au p 45 ; Cribb, A.B. & J.W., 1976, *Wild Food in Australia*, Fontana. p 82 ; Cundall, P., (ed.), 2004, *Gardening Australia: flora: the gardener's bible*. ABC Books. p 337 ; Dunlop, C.R., Leach, G.J. & Cowie, I.D., 1995, *Flora of the Darwin Region*. Vol 2. Northern Territory Botanical Bulletin No 20. p 30 ; Ekman Herbarium records Haiti ; Engel, D.H., & Phummai, S., 2000, *A Field Guide to Tropical Plants of Asia*. Timber Press. p 25, 57, 96 ; Etherington, K., & Imwold, D., (Eds), 2001, *Botanica's Trees & Shrubs. The illustrated A-Z of over 8500 trees and shrubs*. Random House, Australia. p 186 ; Facciola, S., 1998, *Cornucopia 2: a Source Book of Edible Plants*. Kampong Publications, p 67 ; FAO, 1988, *Traditional Food Plants*, FAO Food and Nutrition Paper 42. FAO Rome p 161 ; *Flora of Australia Volume 12, Mimosaceae (excl. Acacia) Caesalpiniaceae*. Melbourne: CSIRO Australia (1998) p 76, 77 ; Gardner, S., et al, 2000, *A Field Guide to Forest Trees of Northern Thailand*, Kobfai Publishing Project. p 170 ; Gunjatkar, N., & Vartak, V.D., 1982, *Enumeration of wild edible legumes from Pune District, Maharashtra State*. *J.Econ. Tax. Bot.* Vol 3 pp 1-9 ; Hall, N. et al, 1972, *The Use of Trees and Shrubs in the Dry Country of Australia*, AGPS, Canberra. p 207 ; Hearne, D.A., & Rance, S.J., 1975, *Trees for Darwin and Northern Australia*. AGPS, Canberra p 39, Pl 11 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 174 ; Hibbert, M., 2002, *The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium*. p 61 ; Hussey, B.M.J., Keighery, G.J., Cousens, R.D., Dodd, J., Lloyd, S.G., 1997, *Western Weeds. 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