

Capsicum frutescens L., 1753 (Piment de Cayenne)

Identifiants : 877/capfru

Fiche réalisée par Patrick Le Ménahèze ([Le Potager de mes/nos Rêves](#))
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- Classification/taxinomie :

- Famille : Solanaceae ;

- Synonymes : *Capsicum annuum* L. 1753 (nom accepté et "synonyme de" {nom retenu}, selon TPL), *Capsicum annuum* var. *frutescens* (L.) Kuntze 1891, *Capsicum minimum* Roxb., *Capsicum minimum* Blanco 1768 (synonyme mais nom illégitime) ;
- Synonymes français : piment oiseau, piment des oiseaux, piment enragé, tabasco [var. tabasco], piment tabasco [var. tabasco], poivre rouge ;
- Nom(s) anglais et/ou international(aux) : bird's eye chillies, bird pepper, chili pepper, goat pepper, hot chili, pungent pepper, spur pepper, chilli, bird's-eye chilli, Cayenne pepper (ingrédient - poudre séchée), capsicum, hot pepper, red chili, Tabasco pepper, fan jiang (cn transcrit), Chillies (de), kidachi-t?-garashi (jp romaji), pimenta-malagueta (pt), ají (es), chile (es), guindilla (es), tabascopeppar (sv) ;



- Rapport de consommation et comestibilité/comestibilité inférée (partie(s) utilisable(s) et usage(s) alimentaire(s) correspondant(s)) : Feuille $\mu 0(+x)\mu$, fruit $\mu 0(+x)\mu$ (fruits [nourriture/aliment et/ou assaisonnement : épice $\mu \{ \{ \{ (dp^*)\mu \} \} \}$]) comestible $\mu 0(+x)\mu$.(1*) ;

herbe, épice, légume $\mu \{ \{ \{ 0(+x)\mu \} \} \}$. Feuilles cuites (ex. : comme potherbe) ? (qp*) . ;



Précautions à prendre :

(1*)ATTENTION : le fruit, et plus particulièrement les graines, peut provoquer des inflammations internes sérieuses, proportionnellement à l'intensité du piquant (mesurée sur l'échelle de Scoville) et relatif au taux de capsaïcine contenu $\mu < (dp^*)\mu$.

- Nombre de graines au gramme : 150 ;
- Illustration(s) (photographie(s) et/ou dessin(s)):

Par "indéterminé", via Wikimedia commons

- Liens, sources et/ou références :

- **Wikipedia :**
 - [https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Capsicum_frutescens_\(en_français\)](https://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Capsicum_frutescens_(en_français)) ;
 - [https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Capsicum_frutescens_\(source_en_anglais\)](https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/Capsicum_frutescens_(source_en_anglais)) ;
- **Tela Botanica :** <https://www.tela-botanica.org/bdtfx-nn-12806> ;

dont classification :

- ["The Plant List" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- ["GRIN" \(en anglais\)](#) ;
- [INPI \(recherche en anglais\)](#) ;

dont Google (recherche de/pour) "Capsicum frutescens" : [pages](#), [images](#) | **"Piment de Cayenne" :** [pages](#) ;

dont livres et bases de données : 0"FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" (en anglais) ;

dont biographie/références de "FOOD PLANTS INTERNATIONAL" :

Agea, J. G., et al 2011, *Wild and Semi-wild Food Plants of Bunyoro-Kitara Kingdom of Uganda: etc. Environmental Research Journal* 5(2) 74-86 ; Ali, A. M. S., 2005, *Homegardens in Smallholder Farming Systems: Examples from Bangladesh. Human Ecology*, Vol. 33, No. 2 pp. 245-270 ; Ambasta S.P. (Ed.), 2000, *The Useful Plants of India. CSIR India*. p 103 ; Anderson, E. F., 1993, *Plants and people of the Golden Triangle. Dioscorides Press*. p 205 ; Bernholt, H. et al, 2009, *Plant species richness and diversity in urban and peri-urban gardens of Niamey, Niger. Agroforestry Systems* 77:159-179 ; Bodner, C. C. and Gereau, R. E., 1988, *A Contribution to Bontoc Ethnobotany. Economic Botany*, 43(2): 307-369 ; Bremness, L., 1994, *Herbs. Collins Eyewitness Handbooks. Harper Collins*. p 237 ; Brown, D., 2002, *The Royal Horticultural Society encyclopedia of Herbs and their uses. DK Books*. p 153 ; Brown, W.H., 1920, *Wild Food Plants of the Philippines. 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Kampong Publications*, p 232 ; Flora of Pakistan. www.eFloras.org ; French, B.R., 1986, *Food Plants of Papua New Guinea, A Compendium. Asia Pacific Science Foundation* p 66 ; French, B.R., 2010, *Food Plants of Solomon Islands. A Compendium. Food Plants International Inc*. p 155 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 155 ; Hedrick, U.P., 1919, (Ed.), *Sturtevant's edible plants of the world*. p 154 (As *Capsicum minimum*) ; Heiser, C.B., 1979, *Peppers, in Simmonds, N.W., (ed), Crop Plant Evolution. Longmans. London*. p 265 ; Herklots ; Hernandez Bermejo, J.E., and Leon, J. (Eds.), 1994, *Neglected Crops. 1492 from a different perspective. FAO Plant Production and Protection Series No 26. FAO, Rome*. p 13 ; Hibbert, M., 2002, *The Aussie Plant Finder 2002, Florilegium*. p 60 ; Hu, Shiu-ying, 2005, *Food Plants of China. The Chinese University Press*. p 660 ; Jacquat, C., 1990, *Plants from the Markets of Thailand. D.K. Book House* p 94 ; Jardin, C., 1970, *List of Foods Used In Africa, FAO Nutrition Information Document Series No 2*.p 63 (As *Capsicum minimum*) ; Kiple, K.F. & Ornelas, K.C., (eds), 2000, *The Cambridge World History of Food. CUP* p 432 ; Lalfakzuala, R., 2007, *Ethnobotanical usages of plants in western Mizoram. Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge. Vol 6(3)* pp 480-493 ; Lazarides, M. & Hince, B., 1993, *Handbook of Economic Plants of Australia, CSIRO*. p 47 ; Lembogi Biologi Nasional, 1980m *Sayur-sayuran. Balai Pustaka, Jakarta*. p 20 ; Long, C., 2005, *Swaziland's Flora - siSwati names and Uses* <http://www.sntc.org.sz/flora/> ; Lord, E.E., & Willis, J.H., 1999, *Shrubs and Trees for Australian gardens. Lothian*. p 211 ; Macmillan, H.F. (Revised Barlow, H.S., et al), 1991, *Tropical Planting and Gardening. Sixth edition. Malayan Nature Society. Kuala Lumpur*. p 376 ; Martin, F.W. & Ruberte, R.M., 1979, *Edible Leaves of the Tropics. Antillian College Press, Mayaguez, Puerto Rico*. p 219 ; Molla, A., *Ethiopian Plant Names. http://www.ethiopic.com/aplants.htm (As Capsicum minimum)* ; Msuya, T. S., et al, 2010, *Availability, Preference and Consumption of Indigenous Foods in the Eastern Arc Mountains, Tanzania, Ecology of Food and Nutrition*, 49:3, 208-227 ; Mulherin, J., 1994, *Spices and natural flavourings. Tiger Books, London*. p 32 ; Musunguzi, E., et al, 2006, *Utilization of Indigenous Food Plants in Uganda: A Case Study of South-Western Uganda. AJFAND Vol. 6(2)* ; Nathan, A., & Wong Y Chee, 1987, *A Guide to Fruits and Seeds, Singapore Science Centre*. p 52 ; Ochse ; Omawale, 1973, *Guyana's edible plants. 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